

SEXUAL ASSAULT PROTOCOL

IN THE SUPERIOR COURTS OF THE OCMULGEE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

STATE OF GEORGIA

ORDER

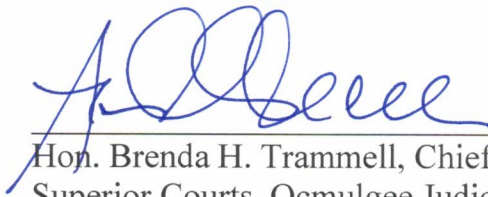
WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of Georgia enacted O.C.G.A. Section 15-24-2 requiring the establishment of a Sexual Assault Protocol; and

WHEREAS, the undersigned established a Sexual Assault Protocol Committee pursuant to O.C.G.A § 15-24-2; and

WHEREAS, the Committee has met on August 31, 2023 and discussed the Protocol, which was approved by a majority vote and which is attached hereto, as the protocol for cases of sexual assault in the Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit of the State of Georgia.

NOW THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, this document is accepted by the Court as the protocol to be used in responding to, investigating and prosecuting cases arising from an alleged sexual assault and shall be spread upon the minutes and filed with the Clerks of the Superior Courts of the Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit.

SO ORDERED, this 5 day of October, 2023.



A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'B. Trammell', is written over a horizontal line. The signature is fluid and cursive.

Hon. Brenda H. Trammell, Chief Judge
Superior Courts, Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit

OCMULGEE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT SEXUAL ASSAULT PROTOCOL

This Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit Sexual Assault Protocol ("Protocol") is adopted pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2 for the purpose of outlining the procedures to be used in responding to, investigating and prosecuting cases of sexual assault. The purpose of this Protocol shall be to ensure coordination and cooperation between all agencies involved in sexual assault cases so as to increase the efficiency of all agencies handling such cases and to minimize the stress created for the alleged sexual assault victim by the legal and investigatory process.¹

For purposes of this Protocol, the term *victim* shall refer to victims age 18 and older. Every sexual assault case involving victims under 18 shall refer to the Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit Child Abuse Protocol in identifying appropriate services and resources. Per the state model Child Abuse protocol those services and resources should include The Bright House in providing services to adolescents in acute cases. In providing services to anyone under the age of 18, DFACS and/or law enforcement shall be notified pursuant to O.C.G. A. § 19-7-5.

ADVOCACY

The role of the sexual assault victim advocate² is to provide services to the victims of sexual assault regardless of whether or not the victim chooses to participate in the criminal justice process. They play a very important role in providing a response that keeps the victim central in the process allowing the investigation and prosecution to be offender focused. Advocacy also has a critical role in promoting the healing process for the victim. Sexual assault victim advocates provide crisis intervention, support, family advocacy, information, referral and other ancillary services to assist the victim through the criminal justice process. The support provided by the sexual assault victim advocate also benefits the criminal justice process, because supported, well-informed victims are more likely to continue through the process. Advocates will operate under the guidelines established by *The Georgia Crime Victim's Bill of Rights* (O.C.G.A. § 17-17-1) and will adhere to best practices as outlined in the *Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide and the Georgia Sexual Assault Certification Standards*.

¹ O. C. G. A. § 15-24-2, provided, however that a failure by an agency to follow the protocol shall not constitute an affirmative or other defense to prosecution of a sexual assault, preclude the admissibility of evidence, nor shall a failure by an agency to follow the protocol give rise to a civil cause of action

² Defined as a trained sexual assault victim advocate working with a Georgia certified sexual assault center

Responsibilities of the sexual assault victim advocate include:

- Being available to victims and families 24 hours a day, 7 days a week via a 24-hour crisis line staffed by trained community advocates
- Providing services to victims and families that are sensitive to the unique barriers and special considerations that diverse victims encounter in reporting sexual assault crimes and providing options to victims so that they may make informed decisions
- Supporting victims who choose to report to law enforcement by providing a link to eliminate barriers affecting the victim's participation in the criminal justice process while maintaining victim confidentiality
- Offering services to non-reporting victims and assisting if and when the victim decides to report

Victims may also work with systems based victim advocates if the case progresses through the criminal justice system to the point of prosecution.

LAW ENFORCEMENT

The role of the investigating officer is to ensure the safety of the victim and the community and to ascertain if the report of sexual assault meets the elements of a crime under Georgia law. Within their jurisdictions, law enforcement will investigate sexual assault crimes. Investigative responsibilities include:

- Identification, apprehension and interrogation of suspect(s)
- Interview of victim with an offender focused and trauma informed led approach, which includes allowing an advocate to be present
- Interview of witnesses
- Collection and preservation of evidence
- Maintenance of chain of custody
- Timely submitting sexual assault evidence collection kit to GBI crime laboratory regardless of whether a suspect has been identified, per GBI recommendations
- Review of GBI Crime lab reports as soon as possible after they are released to investigating agency, per GBI recommendations
- Determination of probable cause and arrest
- Preparation of case reports with investigative summaries
- Assistance to District Attorney's office in prosecution of case
- Testimony and presentation of evidence in court

Investigating officers will work with victim advocates to ensure a victim centered response to the investigation and proper notification of case updates to victims. Additionally, law enforcement officers will operate under the guidelines established by *The Georgia Crime Victim's Bill of Rights* (O.C.G.A. § 15-17-1) and adhere to best practices as outlined in the *Georgia Sexual Assault Team Guide*.

MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMINATION PROCEDURES

The role of the medical forensic personnel is to provide a timely high-quality medical forensic examination that can potentially validate and address sexual assault patients' concerns, minimize the trauma they may experience, and promote their healing. At the same time, it can increase the likelihood that evidence collected will aid in criminal case investigation, resulting in perpetrators being held accountable and further sexual violence prevented.

Medical forensic exams should be made available if patient chooses to report, chooses not to report, or chooses to report anonymously.

Medical forensic examinations shall be performed by a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner ("SANE"), physician, nurse practitioner or physician's assistant ("PA") trained in performing such exams.

Medical forensic responsibilities include:

- Obtaining informed consent from the patient for the medical forensic examination, documentation and evidence collection
- Gathering the medical forensic history
- Conducting a physical examination
- Coordinating treatment of injuries
- Documentation of biologic and physical findings
- Collection of evidence from the patient
- Documentation of findings
- Providing information, treatment, and referrals for STIs, pregnancy
- Follow-up as needed for additional treatment and/or collection of evidence.
- Providing testimony at trial

BIOLOGIC EVIDENCE COLLECTION

The SANE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will collect biologic samples at the request of a patient, in accordance with currently accepted protocol (defined as the *National Protocol/or Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations Adults/Adolescents*), to obtain timely biologic

reference samples for possible analysis at the GBI Crime Lab. At the conclusion of the sexual assault medical forensic examination, any evidence collected will be packaged and protected in a manner to ensure the integrity of specimens and the appropriate chain of custody of the evidence.

All biologic evidence will be collected up to a minimum of 120 hours after assault. In addition, cases should be evaluated on an individual basis as the medical forensic examination may be completed beyond 120 hours.

All biologic samples, fluids, hairs and other evidence requiring GBI analysis will be given directly to the case investigator for processing using a proper chain of evidence.

All biologic evidence collected at the request of a patient who chooses TO initiate and participate in and/or cooperate with a law enforcement investigation shall be submitted to the GBI Crime Lab within 30 days of it being collected by the law enforcement agency who took possession of the evidence pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 35-1-2 /SB 304.

All biologic evidence collected at the request of a patient who chooses NOT to initiate and participate in and/or cooperate with law enforcement investigation shall be maintained by law enforcement for a minimum of 12 months per O.C.G.A. § 17-5-71.

Urine collected for analysis can be collected up to 120 hours after assault and may be submitted to the Georgia Bureau of Investigations Crime Lab, the Federal Bureau of Investigations Crime Lab or other private lab for toxicology drug screen.

In support of HB 255 and the Sexual Assault Reform Act of 2021, a sexual assault kit tracking system (SAKTS) has been developed for the state of Georgia through a partnership between the CJCC and the GBI. This reform act requires all medical facilities, state, county and city agencies, and persons that handle, process or store sexual assault kits (SAK) to be registered users of SAKTS. All SART Protocol members that are required to register must do so and must abide by the reporting requirements through the SAKTS website.

REQUESTS FOR MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMINATION

With the consent of the patient, medical forensic examinations can be performed at the request of (1) a law enforcement agency, (2) the District Attorney's Office, (3) the medical examiner or coroner's office, (4) a hospital, (5) pursuant to a court order, or (6) at the patient's request pursuant to O.C.G.A. §17-5-72.

COSTS OF THE MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMINATIONS

The cost of examinations shall be paid pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 16-6-1(c), O.C.G.A § 17-5-72. Patients shall not be responsible for the payment of medical forensic examination costs.

CONDUCT OF THE MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMINATION

A SANE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will perform the examination and assessment.

Medical forensic examinations and biologic evidence collection should be completed as quickly as possible after a report is received.

Medical forensic examinations and biologic evidence collection shall be conducted in accordance with Georgia Bureau of Investigation (GBI) procedures using a GBI Sexual Assault Evidence Kit. It is also recommended that medical forensic exams be conducted in accordance with the *National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations*.

A trained victim advocate will be available to accompany the patient and offer emotional support during the examination. The advocate will at no time ask the patient questions related to the details of the assault.

The SANE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will complete appropriate authorizations relating to the examination.

The SANE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will photograph and document injuries and prepare a report.

The SANE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will maintain and document the chain of custody of any evidence collected during the examination and assessment.

The SANE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will adhere to best practices as outlined in the *Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide*.

PROCEDURES for HOSPITALS RECEIVING WALK-IN REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS

Hospitals and/or Health Departments receiving patients reporting incidents of sexual assault shall immediately contact law enforcement in accordance with O.C.G.A. § 31-7-9 which mandates all non-accidental injuries be reported. Patients will retain the right not to initiate, participate in, and/or cooperate with any law enforcement investigation of such assault.

PROSECUTION

The role of the District Attorney's office is to protect the rights of the victim while holding the offender accountable. Prosecutors should work in a collaborative fashion with law enforcement, medical forensic and victim advocates. Prosecutors will operate under the guidelines established by *The Georgia Crime Victim's Bill of Rights* (O.C.G.A. § 15-17-1) that states, for example, that victims have the right:

- To be treated fairly and with dignity by all criminal justice agencies involved in the case
- To proceedings free from unreasonable delay
- To reasonable, accurate and timely notice of a court proceeding where the release of the accused will be considered
- To reasonable, accurate and timely notice of court proceedings or any changes to such Proceedings, including restitution hearings
- To reasonable, accurate and timely notice of the accused's release and/or monitoring program
- To be present at all criminal proceedings in which the accused has a right to be present
- To NOT be excluded from any scheduled court proceedings, except as provided in O.C.G.A. § 17-17-1 or otherwise provided by law
- To a waiting area, during judicial proceedings, that is separate from the accused and his or her relatives, friends and witnesses
- To be reasonably heard at any scheduled court proceedings involving the release, plea or sentencing of the accused
- To complete a Victim Impact Statement and have it presented to the court prior to the trial or plea of the accused (O.C.G.A. § 17-10-11)
- To refuse to submit to an interview by the accused, accused's attorney or agent of the accused.
- To a requirement by the court that defense counsel not disclose victim information to the accused (O.C.G.A. § 17-17-10)

If a victim attends any court proceeding, a victim advocate will be available to accompany the victim.

Prosecutors and prosecution based advocates will adhere to best practices as outlined in the *Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide*.

LOCAL SART COORDINATED RESPONSE

All members of the Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit Sexual Assault Response Team will adhere to best practices as outlined in the *Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide*.

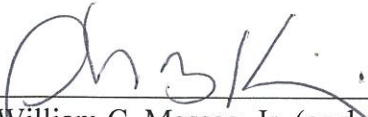
Members of the Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit Sexual Assault Response Team agree to meet annually for case review discussion and evaluation to ensure the coordination and cooperation between all agencies responding to sexual assault cases in the Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit.

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2, members of the Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit Sexual Assault Protocol Committee agree to meet annually to review, update and evaluate this Sexual Assault Protocol.

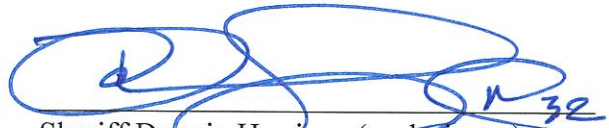
The foregoing Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit Sexual Assault Protocol is hereby adopted and replaces any previously adopted protocol and remains in effect until such time as said protocol is amended and adopted.

This 31st day of August, 2023.

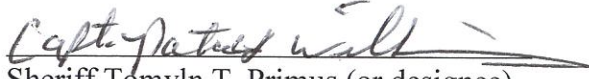
[SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGES)



Sheriff William C. Masee, Jr. (or designee)
Baldwin County Sheriff's Office



Sheriff Donnie Harrison (or designee)
Greene County Sheriff's Office



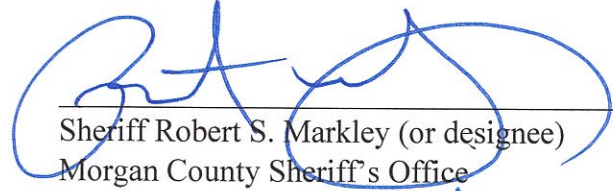
Sheriff Tomyln T. Primus (or designee)
Hancock County Sheriff's Office



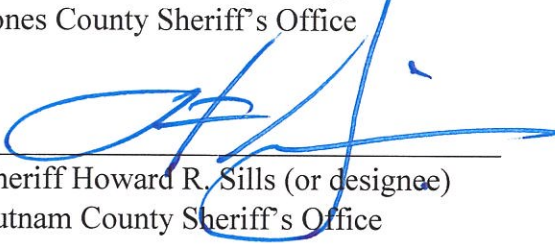
Sheriff Donnie Pope (or designee)
Jasper County Sheriff's Office



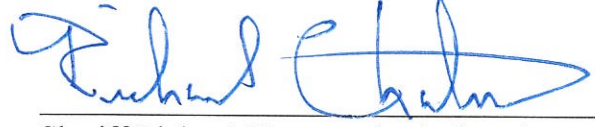
Sheriff R. N. Reese (or designee)
Jones County Sheriff's Office



Sheriff Robert S. Markley (or designee)
Morgan County Sheriff's Office



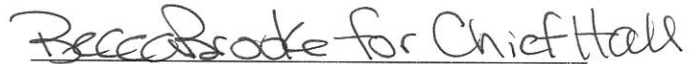
Sheriff Howard R. Sills (or designee)
Putnam County Sheriff's Office



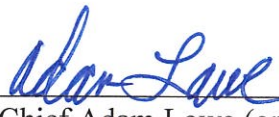
Sheriff Richard Chatman (or designee)
Wilkinson County Sheriff's Office



Chief Howell Cardwell (or designee)
Eatonton Police Department



Chief Mike Hall (or designee)
Gordon Police Department



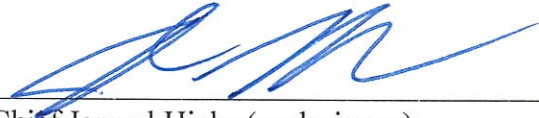
Chief Adam Lowe (or designee)
Gray Police Department



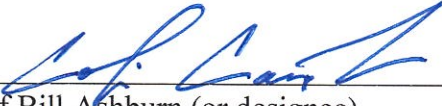
Chief Rodricus Monford (or designee)
Greensboro Police Department



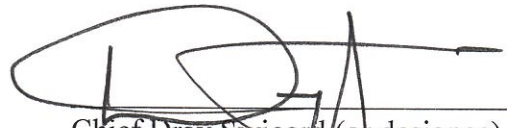
Chief Jarvis Taylor (or designee)
Irwinton Police Department



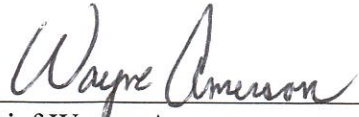
Chief Jamaal Hicks (or designee)
Ivey Police Department



Chief Bill Ashburn (or designee)
Madison Police Department




Chief Dray Swicord (or designee)
Milledgeville Police Department

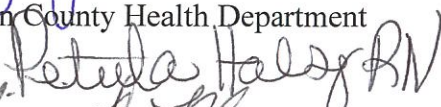


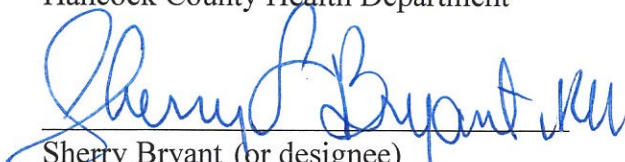
Chief Wayne Amerson
McIntyre Police Department





Chief Tommie Walker, Jr.
Sparta Police Department

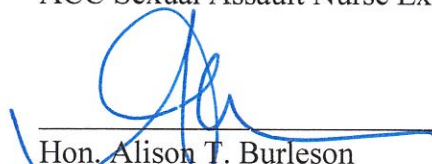

Carey Dyer (or designee)
Baldwin County Health Department



Petula Holsey (or designee)
Hancock County Health Department

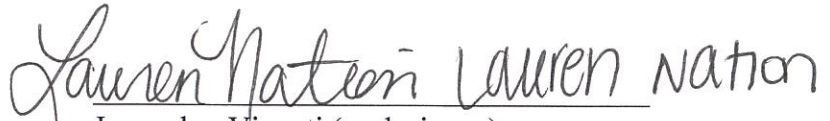

Sherry Bryant (or designee)
Jones County Health Department

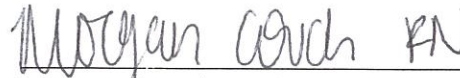

Peggy Petitt Nurse Manager (or designee)
Putnam County Health Department

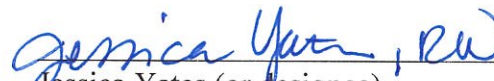

Michelle Dickens
ACC Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner



Hon. Alison T. Burlison
Judge, Superior Court
Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit



Tera Green (or designee)
Greene County Health Department


Jacquelyn Vignati (or designee)
Jasper County Health Department


Morgan Couch (or designee)
Morgan County Health Department


Jessica Yates (or designee)
Wilkinson County Health Department


Joanna Smith
The Bright House


Hon. T. Wright Barksdale, III
District Attorney
Ocmulgee Judicial Circuit



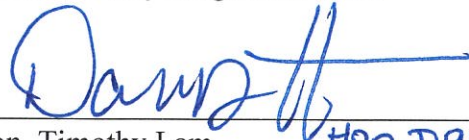
Hon. Shane Geeter (or designee)
Baldwin County Magistrate Court



Hon. LaVerne C. Ogletree (or designee)
Greene County Magistrate Court



Hon. Michael Ranson
Hancock County Magistrate Court

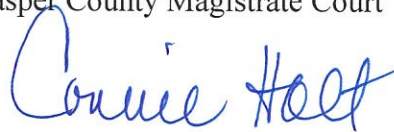


Hon. Timothy Lam
Jasper County Magistrate Court

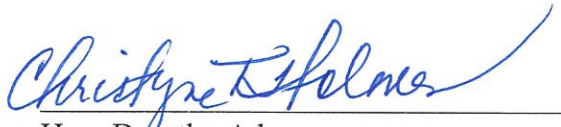
Hon Danyale Hardin



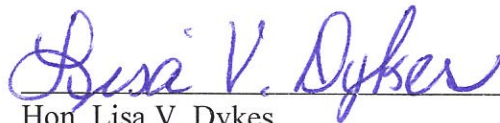
Hon. Lewis Patterson
Jones County Magistrate Court



Hon. Connie Holt
Morgan County Magistrate Court



Hon. Dorothy Adams
Putnam County Magistrate Court



Hon. Lisa V. Dykes
Wilkinson County Magistrate Court