#### BRUNSWICK JUDICIAL CIRCUIT SEXUAL ASSAULT PROTOCOL

This Brunswick Judicial Circuit Sexual Assault Protocol is adopted pursuant to O.C.G.A. 15-24-2 for the purpose of outlining the procedures to be used in responding to, investigating and prosecuting cases of sexual assault. The purpose of the protocol shall be to ensure coordination and cooperation between all agencies involved in sexual assault cases so as to increase the efficiency of all agencies handling such cases and to minimize the stress created for the alleged sexual assault victim by the legal and investigatory process.

The mission of the Brunswick Sexual Assault Response Team is to provide a comprehensive, standardized, nonjudgmental and equitable treatment of victims of sexual assault.

For purposes of this Protocol, "victim" should refer to victims 18 years and older. Every assault case involving victims under 18 years of age should refer to the Brunswick Judicial Circuit Child Abuse Protocol in identifying appropriate services and resources.

#### SEXUAL ASSAULT

The State of Georgia does not have a single "Sexual Assault" definition but rather defines the following sexual crimes:

# Rape (O.C.G.A. § 16-6-1)

- (a) A person commits the offense of rape when he has carnal knowledge of:
- (1) A female forcibly and against her will; or
- (2) A female who is less than ten years of age.

Carnal knowledge in rape occurs when there is any penetration of the female sex organ by the male sex organ. The fact that the person allegedly raped is the wife of the defendant shall not be a defense to a charge of rape."

# Statutory Rape (O.C.G.A. § 16-6-3)

"(a) A person commits the offense of statutory rape when he or she engages in sexual intercourse with any person under the age of 16 years and not his or her spouse, provided that no conviction shall be had for this offense on the unsupported testimony of the victim."

# Sodomy; Aggravated Sodomy (O.C.G.A. § 16-6-2)

- "(a) (1) A person commits the offense of sodomy when he or she performs or submits to any sexual act involving the sex organs of one person and the mouth or anus of another.
- (2) A person commits the offense of aggravated sodomy when he or she commits sodomy with force and against the will of the other person or when he or she commits sodomy with a person who is less than ten years of age. The fact that the person allegedly sodomized is the spouse of a defendant shall not be a defense to a charge of aggravated sodomy."

# Sexual assault by persons with supervisory or disciplinary authority (O.C.G.A. § 16-6-5.1(b) & (e))

- "(b) A person who has supervisory or disciplinary authority over another individual commits sexual assault when that person:
- (1) Is a teacher, principal, assistant principal, or other administrator of any <u>school</u> [defined below as pre-kindergarten through 12th grade] and engages in <u>sexual contact</u> with such other individual who the <u>actor</u> knew or should have known is enrolled at the same <u>school</u>; provided, however, that such contact shall not be prohibited when the <u>actor</u> is married to such other individual;
- (2) Is an employee or agent of any community supervision office, county juvenile probation office, Department of Justice juvenile probation office, or probation office under Article 6 of Chapter 8 of Title 42 and engages in <u>sexual contact</u> with such other individual who the <u>actor</u> knew or should have known is a probationer or parolee under the supervision of such office;
- (3) Is an employee or agent of a law enforcement agency and engages in <u>sexual contact</u> with such other individual who the <u>actor</u> knew or should have known is being detained by or is in the custody of any law enforcement agency;
- (4) Is an employee or agent of a hospital and engages in <u>sexual contact</u> with such other individual who the <u>actor</u> knew or should have known is a patient or is being detained in the same hospital; or
- (5) Is an employee or agent of a correctional facility, juvenile detention facility, facility providing services to a person with a disability, as such term is defined in Code Section 37-1-1, or a facility providing child welfare and youth services, as such term is defined in Code Section 49-5-3, who engages in sexual contact with such other individual who the actor knew or should have known is in the custody of such facility."
- (e) Consent of the victim shall not be a defense to a prosecution under this Code section."

<sup>\*</sup>The words <u>underlined</u> above are defined as: (O.C.G.A. § 16-6-5.1(a)

- (1) "Actor" means a person accused of sexual assault.
- (2) "Intimate parts" means the genital area, groin, inner thighs, buttocks, or breasts of a person.
- (3) "Sexual contact" means any contact between the actor and a person not married to the actor involving the intimate parts of either person for the purpose of sexual gratification of the actor.

# **Sexual battery** (O.C.G.A. § 16-6-22.1)

(a) For the purposes of this Code section, the term 'intimate parts' means the primary genital area, anus, groin, inner thighs, or buttocks of a male or female and the breasts of a female.(b) A person commits the offense of sexual battery when he or she intentionally makes physical

contact with the intimate parts of the body of another person without the consent of that person."

## Aggravated sexual battery (O.C.G.A. § 16-6-22.2)

- (a) For the purposes of this Code section, the term 'foreign object' means any article or instrument other than the sexual organ of a person.
- (b) A person commits the offense of aggravated sexual battery when he or she intentionally penetrates with a foreign object the sexual organ or anus of another person without the consent of that person."

#### **ADVOCACY**

The role of the victim advocate is to provide services to the victims of sexual assault regardless of whether the victim choses to participate in the criminal justice process. They play a very important role in providing a response that keeps the victim central in the process, allowing the investigation and prosecution to be offender focused. Advocacy also has a critical role in promoting the healing process for the victim. Advocates provide crisis intervention, support, family advocacy, information and referral, victim's compensation and other ancillary services to assist the victim through the criminal justice process. The support provided by the advocate also benefits the criminal justice process, because supported, well-informed victims are more likely to continue through the process. Advocates will operate under the guidelines established by **The Georgia Crime Victim's Bill of Rights** (O.C.G.A. 17-17-1) and will adhere to best practices as outlined in the Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide.

- Responsibilities of the Advocate include:
  - Be available to victims and families 24 hours a day, 7 days a week via a 24-hour crisis line staffed by trained volunteer advocate
  - Providing services to victims and families that are sensitive to the unique barriers and special considerations that diverse victims encounter in reporting sexual assault crimes
  - Providing options to victims so that they may make informed decisions

- Supporting victims who choose to report to law enforcement by providing a link to eliminate barriers effecting the victim's participation in the criminal justice process.
- Maintaining victim confidentiality
- Offering services to non-reporting victims and assisting if and when the victim decides to report
- District Attorney's Office Advocates provide information on court proceedings as well as court accompaniment when requested

#### LAW ENFORCEMENT

The role of the investigating officer is to ensure the safety of the victim and the community and to ascertain if the report of sexual assault meets the elements of a crime under Georgia law. Within their jurisdictions, law enforcement will investigate sexual assault crimes. Investigative responsibilities include:

- Identification, apprehension and interrogation of suspect(s)
- Interview of victim with an offender focused and trauma informed approach, which includes allowing an advocate to be present
- Interview of witnesses
- Collection and preservation of evidence according to O.C.G.A. § 17-5-71
- Maintenance of chain of custody
- Timely submitting sexual assault evidence collection kits to GBI crime laboratory according to O.C.G.A. § 17-5-71 regardless of whether a suspect has been identified; per GBI recommendations
- Determination of probable cause and arrest
- Preparation of case reports with investigative summaries
- Assistance to District Attorney's office in prosecution of the case
- Testimony and presentation of evidence in court

Investigating offices will work with victim advocates to ensure a victim centered response to the investigation and proper notification of case updates to victims. Additionally, law enforcement officers will operate under the guidelines established by *The Georgia Crime Victim's Bill of Rights* (O.C.G.A. § 17-17-1) and will adhere to best practices as outlined in the *Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide*.

#### MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMINATION PROCEDURES

The role of the medical forensic personnel is to provide a timely, high-quality medical forensic examination that can potentially validate and address sexual assault patients' concerns, minimize the trauma they may experience, and promote their healing. At the same time, it can increase the likelihood that evidence is collected will aid in criminal case investigation, resulting in perpetrators being held accountable and further sexual violence prevented.

Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center shall be the primary location where Medical forensic examinations are performed. If the victim presents at a medical facility, examinations can be completed pursuant to active memorandum of understandings between Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center and the medical facility. However, the best interest of the victim and preservation of evidence should be considered a priority. Medical forensic examinations should be made available if patient chooses to report, chooses not to report or chooses to report anonymously.

Medical forensic examinations shall be performed by a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE), physician, nurse practitioner or physician's assistant (PA) trained according to the International Association of Forensic Nursing in performing such exams. Medical forensic responsibilities include:

- -Obtaining informed consent from the patient for the medical forensic examination, documentation, evidence collection, and sharing of information obtained during the exam with the investigating agency. This should include all documentation of biologic and physical findings
- -Gathering the medical forensic history
- -Conducting a physical examination
- -Coordinating treatment of injuries
- -Collection of evidence from patient
- -Documentation of findings
- -Providing information, treatment, and referrals for Sexually transmitted Infection (STI's), prophylaxis, and emergency contraception.
- -Follow-up as needed for additional treatment and/or collection of evidence
- -Providing testimony at trial
- -Chain of custody

#### BIOLOGIC EVIDENCE COLLECTION

The SANE,SAFE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will collect biologic samples at the request of a patient, in accordance with currently accepted protocol (defined as the *National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations Adults/Adolescents*), to obtain timely biologic reference samples for possible analysis at the GBI Crime Lab. At the conclusion of the sexual assault medical forensic examination, any evidence collected will be packaged and protected in a manner to ensure the integrity of specimens and the appropriate chain of custody of the evidence.

All biologic evidence will be collected up to a minimum of 120 hours after assault. In addition, cases should be evaluated on an individual basis as the medical forensic examination may be completed beyond 120 hours.

All biologic samples, fluids, hairs and other evidence requiring GBI analysis will be given directly to the case investigator for processing using a proper chain of evidence.

All biologic evidence collected at the request if a patient who chooses TO initiate and participate in and/or cooperate with a law enforcement investigation shall be submitted to the GBI Crime Lab within 30 days of it being collected by the law enforcement agency who took possession of the evidence pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 17-5-55.

All biologic evidence collected at the request of a patient who chooses NOT to initiate and participate in and/or cooperate with a law enforcement investigation shall be processed and stored according to O.C.G. A. § 17-5-71.

Urine collected for analysis can be collected up to 120 hours and may be submitted to the Georgia Bureau of Investigations Crime Lab, the Federal Bureau of Investigations Crime Lab or another private lab for toxicology drug screen.

### REQUEST FOR MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMINATION

With the consent of the patient, medical forensic examinations can be performed at the request of (1) a law enforcement agency, (2) the District Attorney's Office, (3) the medical examiner or coroner's office, (4) a hospital, (5) pursuant to a court order, or at the patient's request pursuant to O.C.G.A. §17-5-72.

Medical forensic examinations may be requested 24 hours a day by contacting the RAPE CRISIS HOTLINE 1-800-205-7037.

#### COSTS OF THE MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMINATIONS

The cost of examinations shall be paid pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 16-6-1(c), O.C.G.A. § 17-5-72. Patients shall not be responsible for the payment of medical forensic examination costs.

#### CONDUCT OF THE MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMINATION

The SANE or SAFE (physician, nurse practitioner or PA) will perform the examination and assessment.

Medical forensic examinations and biologic evidence collection shall be conducted in accordance with Georgia Bureau of Investigation (GBI) procedures using a GBI Sexual Assault Evidence Kit. It is also recommended that medical forensic exams be conducted in accordance with the National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations.

A trained victim advocate will be available to accompany the patient and offer emotional support during the examination. The advocate will at no time ask the patient questions related to the details of the assault.

The SANE/SAFE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will complete appropriate authorizations relating to the examinations.

The SANE/SAFE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will photograph and document injuries and prepare a report.

The SANE/SAFE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will maintain and document the chain of custody of any evidence collected during the examination and assessment.

The SANE/SAFE, physician, nurse practitioner or PA will adhere to best practices as outlines in the Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide.

# PROCEDURES for HOSPITALS RECEIVING WALK-IN REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULTS

Hospitals receiving patients reporting incidents of sexual assault shall immediately contact law enforcement in accordance with O.C.G.A. § 31-7-9 mandating all non-accidental injuries be reported. Patients will retain the right to initiate participate in, and/or cooperate with any law enforcement investigation of such assault.

Hospital emergency department personnel shall timely notify the Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center via the RAPE Crisis Line of the incident including which law enforcement agency is responding.

#### **PROSECUTION**

The role of the District Attorney's office is to protect the rights of the victim while holding the offender accountable, Prosecutors should work in a collaborative fashion with law enforcement, medical forensic and victim advocates. Prosecutors will operate under the guidelines established by the Georgia Crime Victim's Bill of Rights (O.C.G.A. § 15-17-1) that state, for example, that victims have the right:

- To be treated fairly ad with dignity by all criminal justice agencies involved in the case
- To proceedings free from unreasonable delay
- To reasonable, accurate and timely notice of a court proceeding where the release of the accused will be considered
- To reasonable, accurate and timely notice of a court proceeding of any changes to such proceedings, including restitution hearings
- To reasonable, accurate and timely notice of the accused release and/or monitoring program
- To be present at all criminal proceedings in which the accused has a right to be present
- To NOT be excluded from any scheduled court proceedings, except as provided in O.C.G.A. § 17-17-1
- To a waiting area, during judicial proceedings, that is separate from the accused and his or her relatives, friends and witnesses
- To be reasonably heard at any scheduled court proceedings involving the release, plea, or sentencing of the accused
- To complete a Victim Impact Statement and have it presented to the court prior to the trial or plea of the accused (O.C.G.A. § 17-10-11)
- To refuse to submit to an interview by the accused, accused attorney or agent of the accused
- To a requirement by the court that defense counsel not disclose victim information to the accused (O.C.G.A. § 17-17-10)

If a victim attends any court proceeding, a victim advocate from the Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center (CSRCC) of District Attorney's Office will accompany the victim.

Prosecutors ad prosecution-based advocates will adhere to best practices as outline in the Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide.

#### LOCAL SART COORINATED RESPONSE

All members of the Brunswick Judicial Circuit Sexual Assault Team will adhere to the best practices as outlined in the Georgia Sexual Assault Response Team Guide.

Members of the Brunswick Judicial Circuit SART agree to meet monthly for case review, discussion and evaluation to assure coordination and cooperation between all agencies responding to sexual assault cases in the Brunswick Judicial Circuit.

#### **PROCEDURE**

#### I. INTITIAL RESPONSE

- A. A victim may report through any of the following points of contact:
  - 1. Self-Report to the hospital
  - 2. Connie Smith Rape Crisis (CSRCC) Hotline
  - 3. 911 Call/Report to Law Enforcement
- B. If a victim self-reports to the hospital without law enforcement accompaniment, but wishes law enforcement involvement:
  - 1. Hospital staff will contact law enforcement for the appropriate police jurisdiction response.
  - 2. Law Enforcement shall respond and notify CSRCC for an Advocate
  - 3. CSRCC advocate will notify a SANE if needed
- C. When a victim makes a report though CSRCC Hotline:
  - 1. CSRCC advocate should inform the victim of reporting options including:
    - a. Having Law Enforcement respond to their location.
    - b. Having the victim report to the hospital.
    - c. Having the advocate contact law enforcement on behalf of the victim.
    - d. Explaining the anonymous reporting procedure if necessary.
    - e. The advocate should attempt to obtain the following information for the victim: Name, location, where and when the attack occurred, name or possible description of the perpetrator(s), and possible location of said perpetrator(s).
    - f. Advise the victim not to change clothes, eat, drink, or shower in order to preserve potential evidence.
    - g. Advise the victim not to go to restroom, wash hands, brush their teeth or smoke.
- D. When a victim makes a 911 call or otherwise reports incident to police:
  - 1. An investigating officer from the appropriate police jurisdiction shall contact the CSRCC Hotline as needed.

- 2. CSRCC advocate will contact the SANE to respond as needed.
- E. The responding officer shall assess the victim's well-being and let the victim know they are there to help.

#### F. An officer shall:

- 1. Secure the scene of the assault and begin a Crime Scene Access Log, provided there is a crime scene located.
- 2. Locate and identify witnesses.
- 3. Conduct an area canvass.
- 4. Obtain suspect information and issue a "BOLO" if warranted.
- G. The responding officer should explain to the victim each step of the investigation, including the media forensic examination (SANE exam).
  - 1. The officer should explain the SANE examination is a free medical forensic procedure designed to assess and provide for the victims wellbeing and medical concerns following the assault. At the same time, the exam may help identify, document, and collect evidence.
  - 2. The officer should also explain that the victim may have an exam regardless of whether the victim wishes the case be investigated.
    - a. O.C.G.A. § 17-5-72 states: A victim shall have the right to have a forensic medical examination regardless of whether the victim participates in the criminal justice system or cooperates with law enforcement in pursuing of the underlying crime. A victim shall NOT be required to pay, directly or indirectly, for the cost of the forensic medical examination. The cost of the forensic medical examination shall be paid for by Georgia Crime Victims Compensation.

NOTE: A victim has the right to stop the SANE examination at any time for any reason. Law enforcement shall not encourage a victim to stop or force a victim to continue a SANE examination.

- 3. At no time should a victim be misled concerning the purpose of the SANE examination.
- H. The victim should arrive or be transported according to the victim wishes to the location of their choosing (Hospital or CSRCC) to a quiet/examination room.

- 1. Victims with life threatening or major trauma injuries will be taken to medical facility to be treated.
- 2. As a last resort, and no other means of transportation exists, victim maybe transported via law enforcement.
- I. Once at either a medical facility or CSRCC, the victim should never be left alone.
- J. Officers should obtain a Case Report Number, provide said number to the investigating officer, CSRCC advocate and SANE.
- K. Officers should never discuss the investigation openly within hearing distance of the victims or others not associated with the investigation (i.e. other patients, hospital employees, etc.)

#### II. HOSPITAL RESPONSE

- A. CSRCC advocates and SANE/SAFE will arrive at the hospital (only applies to authorized medical facilities), within drive time from their residence and or CSRCC.
- B. If EMS is involved, they will assess the patient's condition and determine if any medical treatment is needed with care taken to preserve any evidence on the patient's body and clothing. EMS will transport the patient to the hospital of the patient's choosing for both treatment and forensic evidence collection as necessary.
- C. If the patient is seriously injured or is in need of emergency medical treatment, the patient will be treated by an ER Physician immediately upon arrival to the hospital with care taken to preserve any evidence on the patient's body or clothing.
  - 1. In Order to preserve evidence, care should be taken not to bathe the patient and the patient should not be allowed to eat or drink, smoke or brush their teeth.
  - 2. Should the clothing of the patient need to be removed, it should be stored in a paper bag and care should be taken when removing the clothing.
  - 3. If the patient is admitted as a result of injury or emergency medical needs, the SANE will conduct the Forensic Medical Exam after the patient has received other needed medical services.
  - 4. Should a SANE be unavailable to conduct the exam in the ER, the medical forensic exam should be conducted by a physician, PA, or NP
  - 5. If the patient presents with visible injuries and no SANE is available to document the injuries, the physician shall contact the

appropriate investigating agency to have the injuries documented through photography.

- A. If the sexual assault victim is under the age of 17 and regardless of menses, law enforcement officers will be contacted. In this event, the Brunswick Judicial Child Abuse Protocol will be followed.
- B. The medical forensic examination will be conducted by a SANE/SAFE according to the medical protocol signed by the SANE Medical Director. The examination must always be conducted with an advocate in attendance, but the advocate will not directly participate in the examination. During the exam the SANE will:
  - L. Provide physical and emotional care to meet the immediate needs of the patient, explaining procedures and discussing treatment options and allow the patient to choose what is best for them
  - M. Obtain a medical history and history of the assault
  - N. Have the patient sign consent form(s) agreeing to participate in the forensic medical examination, evidence collection and photography. The SANE will also have the patient sign a release-of-information consent allowing the SANE to release the forensic documentation and (reporting and non-reporting) evidence to the members of the SART.
  - O. Offer the client medication for the prevention of sexually transmitted diseases and emergency contraception if indicated by history.
  - P. Provide aftercare instructions, follow-up, and referrals as necessary.
  - Q. Work in conjunction with the advocate and law enforcement to ensure the patient is released into a safe environment.
- I. Forensic evidence collected by the SANE will be given directly to law enforcement in order to maintain the chain of custody for such evidence.
- J. If at any time during the medical assessment of the forensic medical examination the SANE deems it necessary, a request for assistance from Emergency Room personnel for medical treatment will be made. In that event:
  - 1. The patient will be treated by an ER physician as soon as possible with care taken to preserve any evidence on the patient's body and clothing.

    2. If the patient is admitted as a result of injury or emergency medical needs, the SANE will conduct the exam in the ER.
- K. Pregnancy test will be administered to all female patients with their consent.
- R. The advocate will assist in any way he/she can to insure that the victim understands the procedures and is informed of follow up services concerning their health, the legal system, available resources and crisis intervention.

- S. The advocate will provide clothing for the victim to wear home if necessary.
- T. The advocate can arrange transportation and other emergency services as needed.
- U. The advocate will provide the victim with information on Victim's Bill of Rights, Victim Compensation and contact information for CSRCC.
- V. CSRCC SANE will complete a written Forensic Medical Examination summary within 10 business days of the exam, providing a copy to the investigating Law Enforcement agent and a copy will be kept in a locked SANE file cabinet at CSRCC. The SANE/SAFE charts will be kept on file indefinitely.
- W. CSRCC will complete and submit all documentation for reimbursement to Victim Compensation Program through CJCC within 30 days of exam.

### III. NON-INVESTIGATIVE REPORTS (ANONYMOUS REPORTING)

- A. A victim may report a sexual assault without providing personal information of facts about the case to law enforcement. As much as possible, all other initial response procedures will be followed.
- B. Advocates will support the victim in this decision:
  - 1. If the victim wants an anonymous report made, the Advocate will inform the SANE and will ask the law enforcement agency with the jurisdiction to assign a Case Report Number.
  - 2. The victim may not want to report the sexual assault, but may want to have a medical exam (not rape kit) to determine if there is injury, in this case, the CSRCC Advocate or SANE will provide the victim with all the options for follow-up care.
  - 3. At any time during the reporting period, if the victim changes their mind and wants to report to law enforcement, (determined by the location of the assault) standard reporting procedures would apply.
- C. In response to an anonymous report, the appropriate law enforcement agency will:
  - 1. Have a Case Report Number pulled, however no information pertaining to the complainant or the facts of the case will be written in the report.
  - 2. The report will state the officer responded to the authorized medical facility or CSRCC in reference to an anonymous report of sexual assault, and that a sexual assault kit was collected and logged into the property/evidence room.

- 3. If law enforcement personal have interaction with the victim before the victim states that they want to make an anonymous report, law enforcement should end contact with the victim following their agency's Standard Operating Procedures, issue a Case Report Number to the Advocate and SANE, and make arrangements to retrieve the sexual assault kit. This information can be communicated by phone, email or in person.
  - a. Should the officer have been provided information pertaining to the complainant or the facts of the case prior to this time, this information shall be omitted from the anonymous report.
- D. A sexual assault kit will be completed by the SANE or authorized medical personnel (when a SANE is not available) with the consent of the victim. A Case Report Number will be assigned to the sexual assault kit, which will be logged in the property/evidence room.
  - 1. The SANE should be informed as soon as possible that the report is anonymous.
  - 2. The SANE will interview the victim in order to determine how to proceed with the examination. This information will be kept confidential; however, the SANE will complete the sexual assault forensic report and medical history to fully document the examination.
  - 3. The victim's information will not be put on the sexual assault kit. Instead the kit will be identified as "Anonymous Reporting" and the law enforcement agency Case Report Number will be written on the kit for identification purposes.
- E. The Investigator from the appropriate agency will be notified upon the completion of the anonymous kit.
- F. The victim will be advised they may change their mind and add the relevant facts and personal information to the report.
- G. Forensic evidence for anonymously reported sexual assaults will be maintained for 50 years by the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the case.
- H. The CSRCC will be available for follow-up contact with the victim regarding information on how to pursue filing a report and other criminal proceedings.

#### IV. FOLLOW-UP INVESTIGATION

- A. When conducting sexual assault investigations, an investigating officer will:
  - 1. Ensure the victim understands the investigation process and who each person is that will be involved, as well as include the SANE, CSRCC and other partnering agencies assisting in the investigation.
  - 2. Ensure that evidence at the scene is collected.
  - 3. Ensure information about the perpetrator has been sent to nearby agencies, if appropriate.
  - 4. Explain the investigating officer's role and how the interview is conducted, explaining why certain sensitive questions have to be asked, as well as the importance of the *modus operandi* and the necessity of providing details.
  - 5. Per victim's wishes, conduct the victim interview with the Advocate present.
  - 6. Allow the victim to first tell what happened in their own words with no interruptions prior to asking specific questions.
  - 7. Make notes of the victim's condition.
    - a. If there is any likelihood that a "date rape" drug was used or if alcohol and or drugs were involved in the assault, the investigating officer shall request the SANE to perform a Drug Facilitated Sexual Assault Kit (DFSAK), collecting blood and urine samples from the victim.
    - (1) Urine should be collected as soon as possible and up to 120 hours following the assault.
    - (2) Blood samples should be taken if the assault took place within the last 24 hours.
    - (3) The sample shall be logged into evidence and placed in a refrigerator until it can be transported to GBI Crime Lab for analysis.

- b. Photographs of the victim's injuries should be taken by the SANE during the examination. All photographs are released to the investigating officer.
- (1) If the examination is conducted by a physician or other authorized medical personnel, the investigating law enforcement officer will be requested to photograph the victim's injuries, if any.
- (2) Photographs may be taken the following day to show the extent of any bruising. Following day photographs will be taken by the investigating officer.
- 8. Ensure that medical evidence and the victim's clothing are obtained in a legal manner.
- 9. Ensure the victim has a means of transportation from CSRCC or medical facility.
- 10. Brief the victim on next contact, judicial process and other information.
- 11. The investigating officer will ensure the medical evidence is obtained from the SANE as soon as possible. Said evidence must be retrieved and handled in compliance of O.C.G.A. § 17-5-71.
  - a. Submit it to GBI Crime Lab
  - (1) All Sexual Assault Kits except cases that are unfounded or anonymously reported will be submitted to the GBI for processing.
  - b. Anonymously reported kits will only be sent to the GBI Crime Lab with the victim's approval and request.
- 12. Conduct a subsequent in-depth interview, including the showing of photo line ups, if appropriate.
- 13. The investigator shall notify the victim of the outcome of the investigation (i.e. type of closure and reason, whether or not the case will be presented for prosecution, Grand Jury no-bill or true-bill).

Members of the Brunswick Judicial Circuit SART agree to meet monthly for case review, discussion, and evaluation to assure the coordination and cooperation between all agencies responding to sexual assault cases in the Brunswick Judicial Circuit of Georgia.

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2, members of the Brunswick Judicial Circuit Sexual Assault Protocol Committee agree to meet at least annually to review, update and evaluate this Sexual Assault Protocol.

This 6<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2021.

Wayne County Sheriff's Office

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(A)

Cary Browning, Chief Magistrate Judge Magistrate Court of Wayne County

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(C)

Donald Sloan, Chief

Screven Police Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(E)

Andrea Belton

Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

Courtlyn Cook

Local Citizen, Brunswick Judicial Circuit Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(A)

Keith Higgins

District Attorney's Brunswick Judicial Circuit

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(B)

Perry Morgan, Chief

Jesup Police Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(D)

NOW NUTS @ Mando

Stacy Booker / Per Stacke Brooker Wayne County Health Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(F)

Amber Clark

Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Coordinator Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(C)

Leslie Hartman

Chairperson, Sexual Assault Protocol Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-2-2(c)(2)(B)

This 6<sup>h</sup> day of December, 2021.

Neil Jump, Sheriff

Glynn County Sheriff's Office

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(A)

Walen & Hurere

Wallace Harrell, Chief Magistrate Judge Magistrate Court of Glynn County Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(C)

Jacques Battiste, Chief

Glynn County Police Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(E)

Andrea Belton

Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

Courtlyn Cook

Local Citizen, Brunswick Judicial Circuit Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(A) Keith Higgins

District Attorney's Brunswick Judicial Circuit

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(B)

Kevin Jones, Chief

Brunswick Police Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(D)

Samantha Kirkland

Glynn County Health Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(F)

Teah Bowen

Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Coordinator

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(C)

Leslie Hartman

Chairperson, Sexual Assault Protocol Comm.

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

This 6th day of December, 2021.

Jim Proctor, Sheriff

Camden County Sheriff's Office

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(A)

Jennifer Lewis, Chief Magistrate Judge Magistrate Court of Camden County Pursyant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(C)

Robert Jones, Chief

Kingsland Police Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(E)

Leslie Hartman

Chairperson, Sexual Assault Protocol Comm. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

Courtlyn Cook

Local Citizen, Brunswick Judicial Circuit Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(A) Keith Higgins

District Attorney's Brunswick Judicial Circuit Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 16-24-2(c)(1)(B)

Mike Wilkie, Chief

St. Marys Police Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(D)

Melissa Perkins

Camden County Health Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(F)

Teah Bowen

Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner

Pursuant to Q.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(C)

Andrea Belton

Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

This 6<sup>th</sup> day of December 2021.

Preston Bohannon, Sheriff				

Jeff Davis County Sheriff's Office
Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(A)

Chris Davenport, Chief Magistrate Judge Magistrate Court of Jeff Davis County Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(C)

Leslie Hartman

Chairperson, Sexual Assault Protocol Comm. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

Andrea Belton

Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

Courtlyn Cook

Local Citizen, Brunswick Judicial Circuit Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(A) Keith Higgins

District Attorney's Brunswick Judicial Circuit Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(B)

Ken Williams, Chief

Hazlehurst Police Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(D)

Cara Taylor

Jeff Davis Health Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(F)

Amber Clark

Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Coordinator Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(C)

This 6<sup>th</sup> day of December 2021.

Mark Melton, Sheriff

Appling County Sheriff's Office

Pursuant to O, C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(A)

Ronnie Lewis, Chief Magistrate Judge Magistrate Court of Appling County

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(C)

Angie Griffin

Nurse Manage

Appling County Health Department

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(F)

Andrea Belton

Connie Smith Rape Crisis Center

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

Courtlyn Cook

Local Citizen, Brunswick Judicial Circuit Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(A) Keith Higgins

District Attorney, Brunswick Judicial Circuit

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(B)

Jeffrey Taylor, Chief

**Appling Police Department** 

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(1)(D)

Leslie Hartman

Chairperson, Sexual Assault Protocol Comm.

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(B)

Amber Clark

Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Coordinator Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 15-24-2(c)(2)(C)